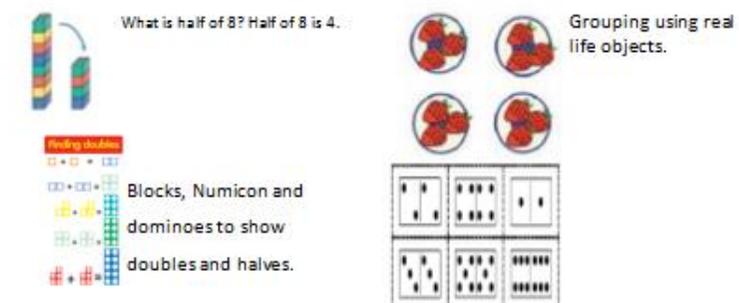
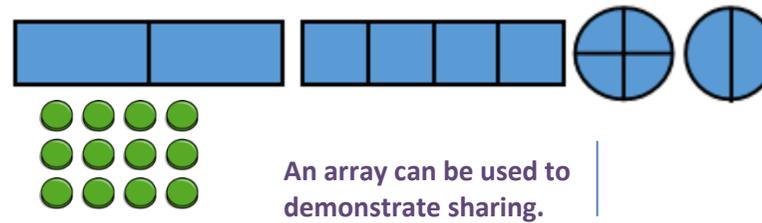
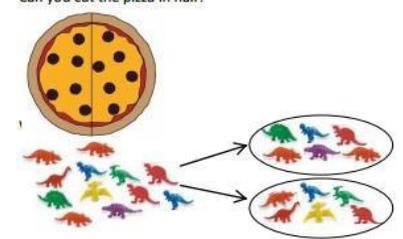
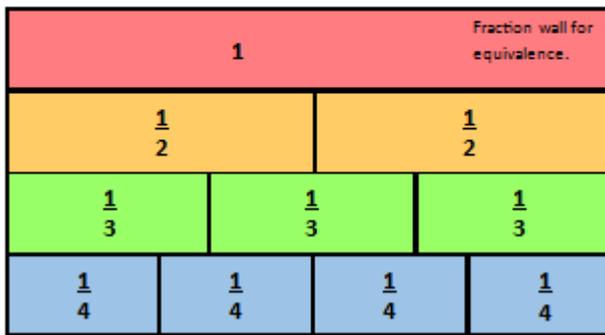
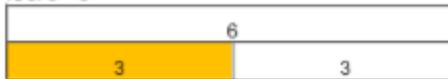
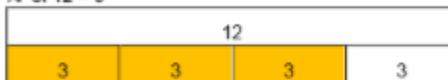
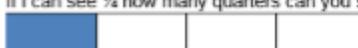
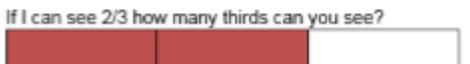


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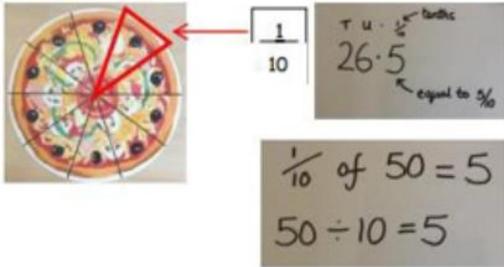


DEVELOPING UNDERSTANDING OF FRACTIONS, DECIMALS AND PERCENTAGES			
Year	NC Objectives	Examples	Models and Images
EYFS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Share objects, shapes and count how many are in each group (early division) Solve problems involving halving and sharing 	Adults to use fraction vocabulary of halves and doubles when describing the number of groups).	 <p>What is half of 8? Half of 8 is 4.</p> <p>Grouping using real life objects.</p> <p>Blocks, Numicon and dominoes to show doubles and halves.</p>
Year 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity Begin to learn sharing and grouping into equal parts. 	<p>Children use their knowledge of fractions of shape to find fractions of quantities.</p> <p>Children should be give practical apparatus to find halves and quarters of quantities within 20.</p> <p>Record work pictorially.</p>	 <p>An array can be used to demonstrate sharing.</p> <p>Sharing – sharing the counters among 4 people, each person gets 3. Grouping- 3 groups/ lots of 4.</p> <p>Can you cut the pizza in half?</p> 

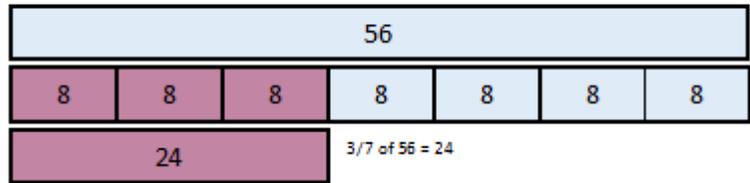
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<p>Year 2</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Count in fractions up to 10 starting from any number and using the $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{2}{4}$ equivalence. <i>(Non Statutory Guidance)</i> Recognise, find, name and write fractions $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity. Write simple fractions for example, $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 = 3. Recognise the equivalence of simple fractions (e.g. $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$.) 	<p>Use a number line or fraction pieces to count in fraction starting from any number up to 10.</p> <p>Children use their knowledge of unit and non-unit fractions of shapes to find fractions of quantities. Use bar model, fraction wall, fraction pieces, Numicon. Vary the shape of objects used e.g. not always 'pizzas' and 'chocolate bars'.</p> <p>They relate this to find fractions of a length e.g. $\frac{2}{4}$ of 1m = Children need to relate finding a quarter to halving and halving again.</p>	 <p>Arrays $\frac{1}{3}$ of 6 = 2</p>  <p>Fraction wall for equivalence.</p> <p>1</p> <p>$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$</p> <p>$\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{3}$</p> <p>$\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$</p> <p>Bar model</p> <p>$\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 = 3</p>  <p>$\frac{1}{3}$ of 12 = 9</p>  <p>If I can see $\frac{1}{4}$ how many quarters can you see?</p>  <p>If I can see $\frac{2}{3}$ how many thirds can you see?</p> 
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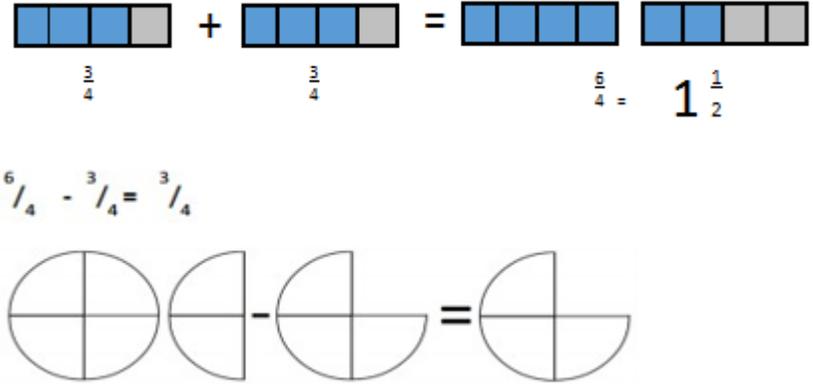
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Year	NC Objectives	Examples	Models and Images																												
Year 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one digit numbers or quantities by 10 recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators 	<p>Encourage children to count up and down in tenths.</p> <p>$1 \div 10 = 1/10$</p> <p>$2 \div 10 = 2/10$</p> <p>$3 \div 10 = 3/10$</p> <p>Continue the pattern.</p> <p>What do you notice? What's the same? What's different?</p> <p>Children can use fractions as an operator</p> <p>E.g.</p> <p>$1/4$ of $12 = 12 \div 4 = 3$</p> <p>Children can relate fractions to the division of integers</p> <p>$1 \div 4 = 1/4$</p> <p>$4 \times 1/4 = 1$</p> <p>$3 \div 4 = 3/4$</p>	<div style="text-align: center;"> $1 \div 10 = 1/10$ </div> <table border="1" style="margin: 0 auto; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">$1/10$</td> </tr> </table> <p style="text-align: center;">0 1</p> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"> $2 \div 10 = 2/10$ </div> <table border="1" style="margin: 0 auto; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">$2/10$</td> </tr> </table> <p style="text-align: center;">0 $2 = \frac{20}{10}$ 2</p> <div style="margin-top: 20px;">  <p style="margin-left: 20px;">Work through expressing a part as fractions to decimal equivalent.</p> <div style="margin-left: 20px; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content;"> $\frac{1}{10}$ of $50 = 5$ $50 \div 10 = 5$ </div> </div> <div style="margin-top: 20px; text-align: center;"> <table border="1" style="border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td colspan="4" style="padding: 5px;">12</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="background-color: yellow; padding: 5px;">3</td> <td style="background-color: yellow; padding: 5px;">3</td> <td style="background-color: yellow; padding: 5px;">3</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">3</td> </tr> </table> </div>	$1/10$	$1/10$	$1/10$	$1/10$	$1/10$	$1/10$	$1/10$	$1/10$	$1/10$	$1/10$	$2/10$	$2/10$	$2/10$	$2/10$	$2/10$	$2/10$	$2/10$	$2/10$	$2/10$	$2/10$	12				3	3	3	3
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<p>Year 4</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> recognise and show using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by tenths solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number add and subtract fractions with the same denominator find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths 	<p> $1 \div 100 = 1/100$ $2 \div 100 = 2/100$ $3/7$ of 56 = 24 $3/10$ of 120 = 36 $1/4 = 12$ $3/4 = \underline{\quad}$ $3/10 + 4/10 = 7/10$ $9/100 - 7/100 = 2/100$ </p> <p>Children can record on a number line equivalents between $1/10$ and 0.1 Count on and back in tenths as decimals and relate to counting on/back in 10ths (fractions).</p>	<p>Use of a fraction wall to recognise equivalent fractions.</p>  <p>Bar method to find out fractions of a quantity.</p>  <p>Count back in 1 and $1/10$ from 100.</p> 
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		<p>$25 \div 10 = 2.5$ 2 ones and 5 tenths</p> <p>$25 \div 100 = 0.25$ 0 ones, 2 tenths and 5 hundredths or 25 hundredths</p>	
Y5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place 	<p>e.g. $8/10 = 4/5 = 16/20 = 24/30$</p>	

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- identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths
- read and write decimal numbers as fractions (remember to link this to the teaching of percentages so they can see the relationship)
- recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
- recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to “number of parts per hundred”, and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100 as a decimal fraction
- add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number
- recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number
- multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole

= 80/100 = 0.8

(e.g. 0.71 = $\frac{71}{100}$).

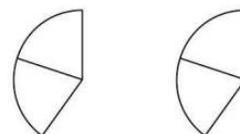
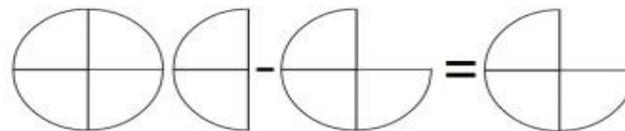
E.g. $\frac{6}{20} + \frac{3}{10}$. Find common denominator and then add together. Encourage chdn to simplify answer where possible.

(e.g. $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = 1\frac{1}{5}$)



I eat 1 more piece of this cake. What fraction would be left?

$\frac{6}{4} - \frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$



$\frac{1}{4} \times 2 = \frac{2}{4}$

or $1\frac{1}{4} \times 2 = 2\frac{2}{4}$

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	<p>numbers, supported by materials and diagrams</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • solve problems involving numbers up to three decimal places • Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{4}{5}$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25. 		
Y6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • compare and order fractions, including fractions >1 • identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places • solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy • use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination • associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents • recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, 	<p>(e.g. 0.375) for a simple $\frac{3}{8}$ fraction (e.g. $\frac{3}{8}$) $3 \div 8$ using bus stop method.</p>	

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decimals and percentages, including in different contexts.

- add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions
- multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form [for example, $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$]
- multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers
- divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example, $\frac{1}{3} \div 2 = \frac{1}{6}$]
- \times and \div numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 up to three decimal places
- associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents (e.g. 0.375) for a simple fraction (e.g. $\frac{3}{8}$)

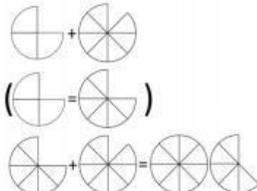
Turn them into equivalent fractions with common denominators. Then add and subtract as applicable. Find simplest form where possible.

$$\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{8}{9} = \frac{24}{36}$. Then simplify to $\frac{2}{3}$ by finding a common denominator.

3.25×4 Use short multiplication to solve this.

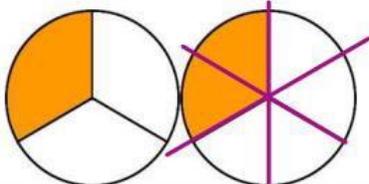
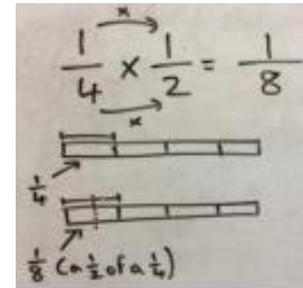
$$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{7}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$$



$$\frac{4}{6} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{6}$$

$$\frac{4}{6} - \frac{2}{6} = \frac{2}{6}$$



$$\frac{1}{3} \div 2 = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{3} \div 2 = \frac{1}{6} \right)$$